



What is a whole system?

Relationships between the parts that create the system's function.

The whole is greater/different from, the sum of its parts.



A bicycle is a system made up of many separate parts



No single part operates the system alone

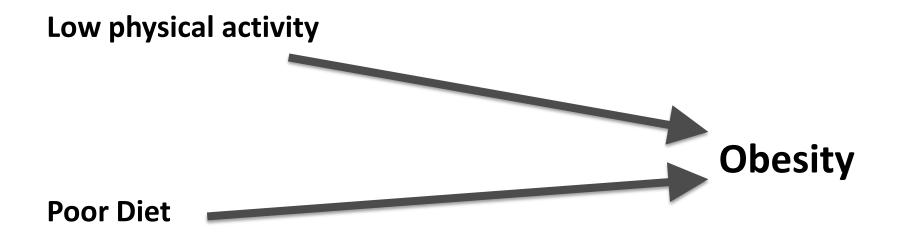


The bicycle can only be ridden when all parts work together

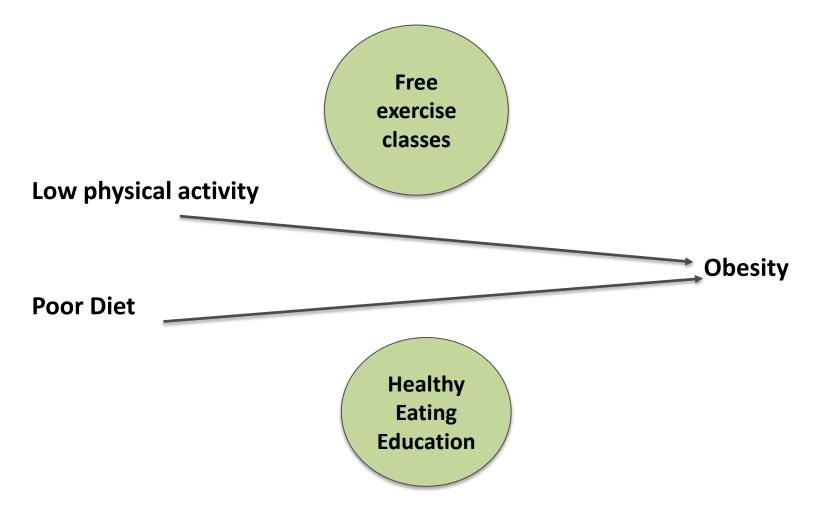
The function of the system is different from the sum of the parts



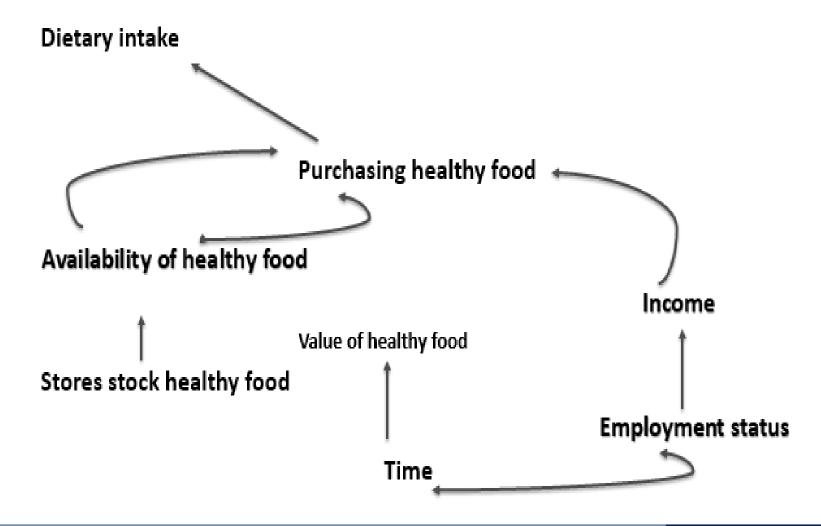
Shifting mind sets from a linear approachan example



Linear approach- a simple example



Developing a systems map- non linear





Video- whole systems approach Public Health England

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SLu9AOpfsjs

Whole systems at a glance

From Silos

To integrated working on the whole system

From individual activities

To collectively understand the local system

From Top down

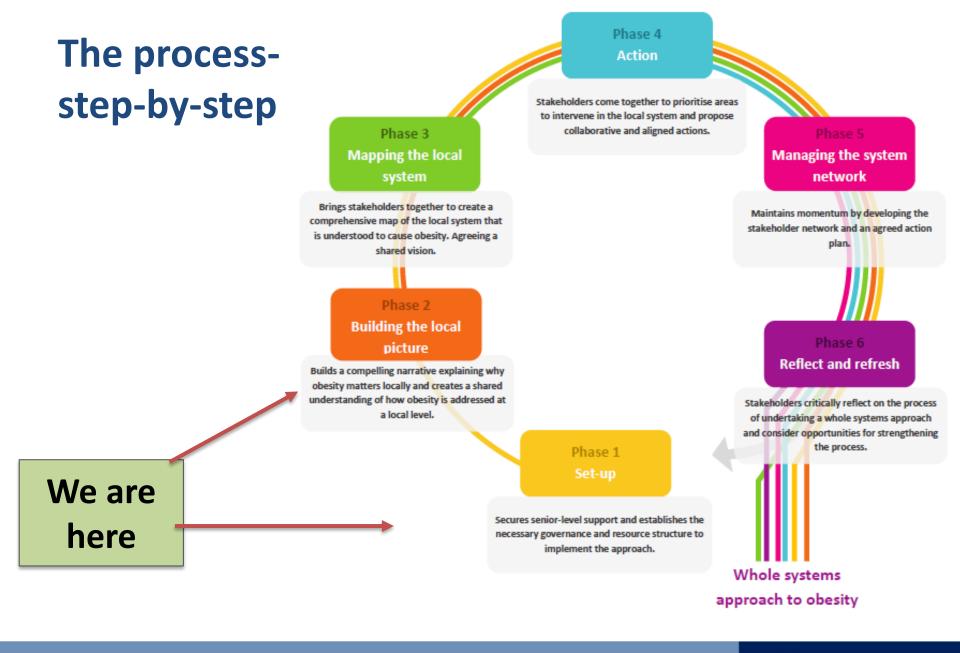
To partnerships with LAs holding the ring



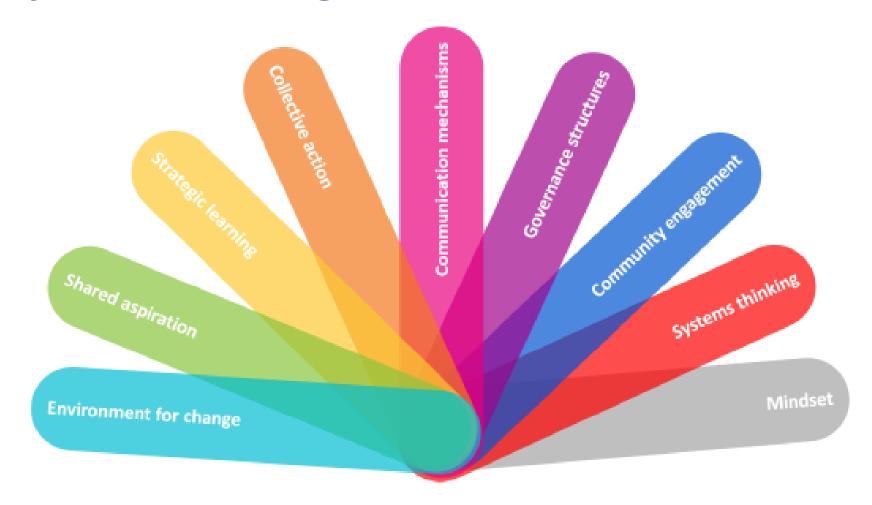
Whole systems- detail

Traditional Systems Systems ingredients Definition of a local whole systems Integrated/ the approach Silo working whole system Simple and complex systems Tailored to context: Local context Generalising what matters here? Systems behaviours Looking at how Shared vision and aligned actions Individual, isolated systems work as a activities Prioritisation of actions whole Dynamic approach Dynamic feedback Linear causes and Feedback loops loops effects Unintended consequences LA holding the Leadership at all levels ring, stakeholders Top down control are partners





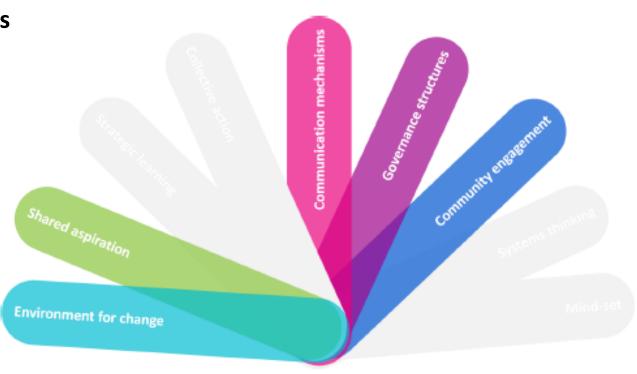
Systems working behaviours





What we are seeking for phase 1 and 2

- Governance structures
- Shared aspirations
- Environment for change
- Communication mechanisms
- Community engagement





Thank you





